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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI EASTERN DIVISION

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)
Plaintiff,))
v.) No. S1-4:18-cr-00139-RWS
WILLIAM DOUGLAS HANING,)
Defendant.	.)

SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT

The Grand Jury charges that:

<u>Count 1</u> (Conspiracy: 18 U.S.C. § 1349)

1. Beginning sometime prior to July of 2007, the exact date being unknown to the Grand Jury, and continuing through October of 2014, in the Eastern District of Missouri, and elsewhere, the defendant,

WILLIAM DOUGLAS HANING,

did knowingly and willfully combine, conspire, confederate and agree with others both known and unknown to the Grand Jury, to commit various offenses defined in Title 18, United States Code, Part 1, Chapter 63, that is:

a. having knowingly devised and intending to devise a scheme to defraud, and to obtain money and property by means of false and fraudulent pretenses, representations and promises, and for the purpose of executing and attempting to execute that scheme, did mail, cause to be mailed, cause to be delivered by mail, and deposit and cause to be deposited matters and things to be sent and delivered by private and commercial interstate carriers, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1341; and

- b. having knowingly devised and intending to devise a scheme to defraud, and to obtain money and property by means of false and fraudulent pretenses, representations and promises, and for the purpose of executing that scheme, transmit and cause to be transmitted by means of wire communication in interstate and foreign commerce, writings, signs, signals, pictures and sounds, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343.
- 2. The allegations of Paragraphs 1 through 82 of Counts 2-33 of this Indictment are re-alleged and incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein, all in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1349 (Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1341 and 1343).

<u>COUNTS 2 - 33</u> (Wire Fraud: 18 U.S.C. § 1343)

The Grand Jury further charges:

I. INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW OF THE ADULTERATION SCHEME

At all times material to this Indictment:

1. "Adulterated" pet food ingredients and products refer to food in which any valuable constituent has been in whole or in part omitted; food in which any substance has been substituted wholly or in part therefor; and food to which any substance has been added or mixed so as to make it appear the food is better or of greater value than it is.

A. Pet food ingredients and products generally

- 2. Food ingredients and products used in pet foods include chicken meal, chicken meal (low ash), turkey meal, chicken by-product meal, and turkey by-product meal.
 - 3. As understood in the feed and pet food industry,
- a. chicken meal, chicken meal (low ash), and turkey meal are dry rendered poultry products that do not contain feathers, heads, feet, and entrails;
 - b. chicken by-product meal and turkey by-product meal are dry rendered

poultry products that do not contain feathers. Chicken by-product meal and turkey by-product meal, however, include parts such as necks, feet, undeveloped eggs, and intestines;

- c. blending is the process of mingling or combining two or more ingredients;
- d. adding or blending feather meal or by-product meal or both to chicken meal results in the product no longer being chicken meal;
- e. adding or blending feather meal or by-product meal or both to chicken meal (low ash) results in the product no longer being chicken meal (low ash);
- f. adding or blending feather meal or by-product meal or both to turkey meal results in the product no longer being turkey meal;
- g. adding or blending feather meal to chicken by-product meal results in the product no longer being chicken by-product meal;
- h. adding or blending feather meal to turkey by-product meal results in the product no longer being turkey by-product meal;
- i. a blended product consisting of feather meal and chicken by-product meal is not chicken meal;
- j. a blended product consisting of feather meal and chicken by-product meal is not chicken meal (low ash);
- k. ' a blended product consisting of feather meal and chicken by-product meal (and/or turkey by-product meal) is not turkey meal;
- l. a blended product consisting of feather meal and chicken by-product meal is not chicken by-product meal.
 - 4. As to the products and ingredients referenced in paragraphs 3.a through

- 3.1, the pet food and feed industry generally made exceptions for trace amounts of expressly excluded parts, which occur unavoidably in good manufacturing practices.
- 5. At all relevant times, the pet food industry considered chicken meal, low ash chicken meal and turkey meal to be premium products and were typically more expensive to purchase than by-product meals.
- 6. The pet food manufacturers used and relied upon Bills of Lading ("BOLs") and Certificates of Analysis ("COAs") to identify ingredients and products shipped and received from suppliers.

B. <u>Entities</u>

- 7. American By-Products ("ABP") was a Texas corporation located in Rosser, Texas and Dallas, Texas. ABP was a protein blender for the pet food industry that emphasized marketing chicken meal and chicken by-product meal. ABP's blending facility in Rosser, Texas ("ABP-Rosser") was not a rendering facility. Instead, ABP-Rosser purchased its raw poultry materials from rendering facilities and based its business model on its ability to grind, screen, classify, blend, and stabilize animal proteins that needed to be processed. ABP owners and shareholders included Defendant William Douglas "Doug" Haning and other Haning family members.
- 8. Diversified Ingredients, Inc. ("Diversified Ingredients") is a Missouri corporation located in Ballwin, Missouri, within the Eastern District of Missouri. Diversified Ingredients is a commodities broker and distributor whose customers include a number of pet food companies and manufacturers. From 2008 through 2014 and thereafter, Diversified Ingredients brokered and distributed pet food products and ingredients from the facility in Rosser, Texas.
 - 9. Wilbur-Ellis Company ("Wilbur-Elllis") is a California LLC with headquarters in

San Francisco, California. Wilbur-Ellis is an international marketer and distributor of agricultural products, animal feed, and specialty chemicals and ingredients. On or about April 2011, Wilbur-Ellis purchased the assets of ABP, specifically the blending facility in Rosser, Texas. At the time of the acquisition, Wilbur-Ellis identified the role of ABP owner DOUG HANING in the operations of ABP-Rosser as follows:

Doug Haning is the day to day man on the street. He is in charge of buying and selling. He also manages the logistics of the business. Doug is responsible for all of the marketing of products and maintains the relationships with the customer and supplier base for the business.

- 10. Custom AG Commodities, LLC ("Custom AG") is a Texas company (and sole-proprietorship) established on or about April 2011, with a physical address in Winnsboro, Texas and a mailing address in Sulphur Springs, Texas. Custom AG served primarily to facilitate transactions involving Wilbur-Ellis' newly acquired facility in Rosser, Texas ("WE-Rosser") and Diversified Ingredients.
- 11. Pet Food Manufacturer "A" is a pet food manufacturer with a facility in Mishawaka, Indiana. Between 2012 and May 2014, Pet Food Manufacturer "A" received multiple adulterated shipments from Rosser, Texas, including adulterated shipments falsely identified, labeled and branded as chicken meal, chicken meal (low ash), and turkey meal.
- 12. Pet Food Manufacturers "B-1" through "B-6" are pet food manufacturers identified as "co-packers" and "co-manufacturers." Pet Food Manufacturers "B-1" through "B-6" contracted with Pet Food Manufacturer "B," a pet food company located in Wilton, Connecticut, to manufacture and bag finished pet food products for Pet Food Manufacturer "B." These co-manufacturers and co-packers included:
 - a. Pet Food Manufacturer "B-1" and its facility in Fairview, Kansas;
 - b. Pet Food Manufacturer "B-2" and its facility in Bern, Kansas;

- c. Pet Food Manufacturer "B-3" and its facility in Frontenac, Kansas;
- d. Pet Food Manufacturer "B-4" and its facility in Hazle Township,
 Pennsylvania;
- e. Pet Food Manufacturer "B-5" and its facilities in Owatonna, Minnesota and St. Marys, Ohio; and
 - f. Pet Food Manufacturer "B-6" and its facility in Perham, Minnesota.
- 13. Between 2012 and May of 2014, Pet Food Manufacturer "B-1" through "B-6" received multiple adulterated shipments from Rosser, Texas, including adulterated shipments falsely identified, labeled and branded as chicken meal, chicken meal (low ash), and turkey meal.
- 14. From 2008 through October 2014, in the Eastern District of Missouri, and elsewhere, the defendant,

WILLIAM DOUGLAS HANING,

and other persons known and unknown to the Grand Jury, devised and intended to devise a scheme and artifice to defraud, and to obtain money and property by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, and for the purpose of executing the scheme to defraud, carried out the scheme and the conspiracy in the manner and means as follows:

II. MANNER AND MEANS OF THE SCHEME AND THE CONSPIRACY

15. From at least 2008 and continuing through May of 2014, the facility in Rosser, Texas, shipped poultry protein products to pet food manufacturers in the United States and abroad. As part of a conspiracy and scheme and artifice to defraud, the facility in Rosser, Texas, operating under the direction of WILLIAM DOUGLAS HANING (referred to herein as "DOUG HANING"), and others, for the purpose of financial gain, regularly produced and shipped

adulterated poultry products and ingredients and misrepresented the products and ingredients. While corporate ownership of the Rosser, Texas facility changed over the course of the scheme and conspiracy, DOUG HANING, at all relevant times, directed and participated in the scheme and conspiracy with others. As part of the scheme and conspiracy and in furtherance of the scheme and conspiracy, DOUG HANING, and others, shipped adulterated pet food ingredients and products through the Eastern District of Missouri and elsewhere. As part of the scheme and conspiracy and in furtherance of the scheme and conspiracy, DOUG HANING, and others, shipped adulterated pet food ingredients and products through the Eastern District of Missouri that included BOLs and COAs that misrepresented the products and ingredients. As part of the scheme and conspiracy, and in furtherance of the scheme and conspiracy, DOUG HANING, and others, negotiated and authorized the purchase of raw materials, such as feather meal, utilized in adulterated pet food ingredients and products. As part of the scheme and conspiracy, and in furtherance of the scheme and conspiracy, DOUG HANING, and others, utilized brokers and distributors in the Eastern District of Missouri and elsewhere to ship and distribute adulterated and misrepresented pet food ingredients and products.

A. The role of adulteration and mislabeling/misbranding in the scheme to defraud and conspiracy

- 16. From before January 2008 through May of 2014, DOUG HANING, and others, by and through ABP, Wilbur-Ellis, Diversified Ingredients and/or Custom AG, marketed and sold chicken meal and low ash chicken meal from Rosser, Texas. However, the product shipped from ABP-Rosser and WE-Rosser was an adulterated product that was mislabeled and misbranded.
- 17. From May of 2011 through May of 2014, DOUG HANING, and others, by and through Wilbur-Ellis, Diversified Ingredients and/or Custom AG, marketed and sold turkey meal

from Rosser, Texas. However, the product shipped from WE-Rosser was an adulterated product that was mislabeled and misbranded.

- 18. From before January 2008 through May of 2014, DOUG HANING, and others, by and through ABP, Wilbur-Ellis, Diversified Ingredients and/or Custom AG, marketed and sold chicken by-product meal from Rosser, Texas. However, the product shipped from ABP-Rosser and WE-Rosser was an adulterated product that was mislabeled and misbranded.
- 19. As part of the scheme to defraud and in furtherance of said scheme and the conspiracy, DOUG HANING, and others, adulterated and misrepresented ingredients and products, and in doing so:
- a. omitted and caused to be omitted, in whole or in part, the raw material ingredient chicken meal from premium pet food products and ingredients, specifically chicken meal and chicken meal (low ash), that was shipped and supplied to pet food companies and manufacturers from ABP-Rosser or WE-Rosser;
- b. omitted and caused to be omitted, in whole or in part, the raw material ingredient turkey meal from premium pet food products and ingredients, specifically turkey meal, that was shipped and supplied to pet food companies and manufacturers from ABP-Rosser or WE-Rosser;
- c. substituted and caused to be substituted, in whole or in part, chicken byproduct meal for premium pet food products and ingredients, such as chicken meal, chicken meal
 (low ash), and turkey meal, that was shipped and supplied to pet food companies and
 manufacturers from ABP-Rosser or WE-Rosser;
- d. substituted and caused to be substituted, in whole or in part, a "B-Grade" poultry by-product meal (also referred to as chicken bone by-product meal) for premium pet food

products and ingredients, such as chicken meal and turkey meal, that was shipped and supplied to pet food companies and manufacturers from ABP-Rosser or WE-Rosser;

- e. substituted and caused to be substituted, in whole or in part, turkey byproduct meal for premium pet food products and ingredients, such as turkey meal, that was
 shipped and supplied to pet food companies and manufacturers from ABP-Rosser or WE-Rosser;
- f. substituted and caused to be substituted, in whole or in part, hydrolyzed poultry feathers (also referred to as feather meal) or hydrolyzed feather meal for premium pet food products and ingredients, such as chicken meal, chicken meal (low ash), and turkey meal, that was shipped and supplied to pet food companies and manufacturers from ABP-Rosser or WE-Rosser;
- g. mixed and blended and caused to be mixed and blended, chicken byproduct meal with one or more raw materials to make the products and ingredients shipped and
 supplied to pet food companies and manufacturers from ABP-Rosser or WE-Rosser appear better
 and of greater value than the product actually was;
- h. mixed and blended and caused to be mixed and blended, turkey byproduct meal with one or more raw materials to make the products and ingredients shipped and
 supplied to pet food companies and manufacturers from ABP-Rosser or WE-Rosser appear better
 and of greater value than the product actually was;
- i. mixed and blended and caused to be mixed and blended, a "B-Grade" poultry by-product meal (also referred to as chicken bone by-product meal) with one or more raw materials to make the products and ingredients shipped and supplied to pet food companies and manufacturers from ABP-Rosser or WE-Rosser appear better and of greater value than the product actually was; and

j. mixed and blended and caused to be mixed and blended, hydrolyzed poultry feathers and feather meal with one or more raw materials to make the products and ingredients shipped and supplied to pet food companies and manufacturers from ABP-Rosser or WE-Rosser appear better and of greater value than the product actually was.

B. Administrative and Regulatory Investigations of ABP-Rosser by the State of Texas

20. At all relevant times, the Texas Feed and Fertilizer Control Service ("TFFCS") operates under the direction of the Director of the Texas Agricultural Experiment Station ("TX Ag Station"). The TX Ag Station is an entity responsible for exercising the powers and performing the duties assigned to the TFFCS by the Texas Commercial Feed Control Act, Texas Agriculture Code (1981), Chapter 141. The Office of the Texas State Chemist ("OTSC") is also part of the TFFCS. As a licensed feed facility, ABP-Rosser was regulated by the TFFCS and the OTSC. Applicable regulations included prohibitions specific to the adulteration and mislabeling of ingredients used in pet foods.

2007

- 21. On or about July 2007, TFFCS investigators inspected the ABP-Rosser facility.

 TFFCS investigators held discussions with the ABP-Rosser Quality Assurance Manager concerning the receipt and use of hydrolyzed feather meal in the facility. Specifically, a TFFCS Investigator, who had routinely checked incoming and outgoing ABP-Rosser records, noticed that the facility consistently received feather meal, but had never distributed products containing feather meal.
- 22. The Quality Assurance Manager, who at all relevant times reported to ABP ownership, including DOUG HANING, indicated to TFFCS investigators that ABP-Rosser used feather meal as "a proprietary secret." At that time, the Quality Assurance Manager represented

that the feather meal lowered the ash level of the chicken meal, thus providing a higher value ingredient, low ash chicken meal, for use in the pet food industry.

- 23. TFFCS Investigators advised the Quality Assurance Manager and one of the ABP owners that that practice was unacceptable.
- 24. The TFFCS informed the Quality Assurance Manager and the ABP owner that the mixing of two ingredients creates a blended product that cannot be labeled as an individual ingredient. The TFFCS Investigator consulted with the Quality Assurance Manager and assisted ABP-Rosser in creating an appropriate blended product label for the product actually being shipped.
- 25. The designated name for the blended product was "ABP Poultry Blend" and the ingredients required to appear on the label were "poultry by-product meal" and "hydrolyzed poultry feathers."

2008

- 26. A TFFCS Investigator visited the ABP-Rosser facility again in October 2008.
- 27. The TFFCS Investigator held discussions with the same ABP owner concerning the continued practice of blending feather meal into other ingredients (without identifying the product as a blend or identifying feather meal as an ingredient). The ABP owner stated that the practice was no longer occurring. The TFFCS Investigator, however, noted that there were no records of "ABP Poultry Blend" being marketed after the label was created. The TFFCS Investigator reiterated to ownership that mixing feather meal into other ingredients was not an acceptable practice, unless distributed as a blended product and appropriately labeled as a blend with the actual ingredient identified on the blend label.
 - 28. A TFFCS audit conducted on or about November 4, 2008 confirmed the

continued use of feather meal by ABP-Rosser in its products and ingredients.

<u>2010</u>

- 29. On or about May 12, 2010, OTSC auditors and investigators met with DOUG HANING and other owners and managers of ABP-Rosser. The OTSC investigators and auditors wanted to discuss an OTSC microscopic evaluation of ABP-Rosser's product(s) as well as an OTSC audit report. Both the evaluation and the audit confirmed the continued use of feather meal in ABP-Rosser products and the regular distribution of adulterated, misbranded pet food products and ingredients. An ABP-Rosser sales manager "alluded to the fact" that customers requested ABP-Rosser put feather meal into their product, but wanted it labeled as a single ingredient product such as "chicken meal." In response, the OTSC told the owners and managers of ABP-Rosser that they should not be involved in deceptive practices.
- 30. DOUG HANING and another manager then provided OTSC investigators access to the ABP-Rosser plant for inspection. After inspecting the plant, the investigators concluded that ABP-Rosser's routine practice was "that everything that left the facility had feather meal in it" and that ABP-Rosser products were adulterated and misbranded.
- 31. After seeing the blending equipment and the amount of feather meal at the ABP-Rosser facility, the OTSC investigator "was compelled to stop-sale/seize the low-ash chicken meal based on reasonable cause by the agency and the supporting evidence from previous microscopic evaluation of the product."
- 32. On or about May 12, 2010, the OTSC ultimately seized 33,720 lbs. (in 18 bulk bags) of low-ash chicken meal. The OTSC also collected samples of other ingredients for additional evaluation. The cited grounds for the seizure was "FAILURE TO PROVIDE NON-ADULTERATED PRODUCT; IMPROPERLY LABELED (MISBRANDED)."

33. On May 17, 2010, ABP-Rosser provided a letter to the Office of the Texas State Chemist that stated the following:

We wanted to submit the following plan to your office regarding use of feather meal. We feel that the safest and surest way to eliminate any hydrolyzed feather meal being in any product being sold from this plant is to discontinue purchasing hydrolyzed feather meal.

AMERICAN BY-PRODUCTS, INC.

William Haning

- 34. On June 2, 2010, the OTSC issued its "Report of Analysis for Commercial Feed" regarding the sample of ABP-Rosser's LOW ASH CHICKEN MEAL. The OTSC report also included the results of a microscopic examination. The report stated: "hydrolyzed and unhydrolyzed feathers found in sample (too many to count)." On the basis of the report, ABP-Rosser was informed that its "product is considered to be in violation of one or more provisions of the Texas Commercial Fertilizer Control Act, Chapter 63.142(a)."
- 35. Notwithstanding the above violation and ABP's representation that it would discontinue purchasing feather meal, shipping and purchasing records reflect that the Rosser, Texas facility continued to receive regular shipments of feather meal after May of 2010.

C. Wilbur-Ellis' acquisition of ABP-Rosser

- 36. On or about March 4, 2011, ABP and Wilbur-Ellis executed a "Letter of Intent" regarding the acquisition of ABP-Rosser by Wilbur-Ellis.
- 37. Prior to executing the Letter of Intent, Wilbur-Ellis had identified ABP-Rosser's customer base as follows:

<u>Customers.</u> On the sales side of the business, ABP sells 13 different companies (all pet food), six of which constitute about 75% of their sales.

38. Prior to executing the Letter of Intent, Wilbur-Ellis had identified the possible integration of ABP-Rosser as follows:

Integration and Management Plan. The Wilbur-Ellis Company logo and branding would be promptly initiated however the reporting structure at Rosser, TX will remain unchanged for the most part. The Hanings would continue their current roles in a post acquisition scenario.

The terms of the acquisition as reflected in the Letter of Intent

- 39. The March 4, 2011 Letter of Intent included the following provisions and terms:
- a. Buyer would acquire all assets of the Seller relating to the production, blending, distribution, and sale of proteins, fats and oils to the pet food, aquaculture and livestock industries (the "Business");
- b. The purchase price of the Assets, including working capital, would be (i) Sixteen Million Dollars (\$16,000,000), adjusted to reflect the difference between the Business' average Net Working Capital over the past year, and the Business' Net Working Capital at the date of closing; plus (ii) up to Nine Million Dollars (\$9,000,000) in one or more Deferred Payments as described below;
- c. \$9,000,000 of the purchase price would be paid over the three years following closing, based on achievement of certain operating performance goals for the business following closing;
- d. <u>Employment and Noncompetition Agreements</u>. As a condition to Buyer's obligation to purchase the Assets and in consideration of the payment of the Purchase Price to Seller, (i) Seller and its shareholders shall enter into Noncompetition Agreements with Buyer wherein they would agree not to compete in the pet food, aquaculture or livestock industries, or to solicit customers or employees of the Business, for a period of five (5) years following the closing, except for the following Employment Agreements.

DOUG HANING's employment agreement with Wilbur-Ellis

40. As part of the acquisition, DOUG HANING entered into an employment

agreement with Wilbur-Ellis.

- 41. The provisions of the EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT included the following:
- a. THIS AGREEMENT is made as of April 30, 2011 (the "Effective Date") by and between Wilbur-Ellis Company, a California corporation (the "Employer"), and William D. (Doug) Haning (the "Employee").
- b. The Employee is one of the shareholders of ABP and is experienced in the Business.
- c. <u>Agreement for Employment</u>. Subject to the closing of the transactions contemplated by the APA and this Agreement's terms and conditions, the Employer engages the Employee, and the Employee accepts employment as Operations Manager of the Employer's Rosser, Texas branch.
- 42. The asset purchase proceeded under the terms set forth above and included both the deferred payment incentive and an employment agreement as to DOUG HANING.
- 43. Thus, in addition to a salary and any applicable bonus, DOUG HANING and his family would be entitled to one or more deferred payments in an amount up to \$9,000,000 if WE-Rosser's profitability remained consistent with the profitability of ABP-Rosser and met the yearly earn-out targets projected by Wilbur-Ellis.

D. The scheme to defraud and conspiracy as carried out after the acquisition of ABP by Wilbur-Ellis

- 44. DOUG HANING, and others, by and through Wilbur-Ellis, Custom AG and/or Diversified Ingredients, marketed and sold single-ingredient premium pet food ingredients and products, including chicken meal, chicken meal (low ash), and turkey meal, knowing the product shipped would be, and in fact was, adulterated and misrepresented to the recipient.
 - 45. As part of the conspiracy and scheme to defraud, DOUG HANING, and others,

used one or more third parties who accepted contracts, purchase orders, invoices and other written communications from WE-Rosser identifying WE-Rosser products as blends, but provided WE-Rosser shipping documents, such as BOLs and COAs, that did not identify the WE-Rosser products as blends. In turn, as part of the scheme to defraud and the conspiracy, DOUG HANING, and others, would use single-ingredient BOLs and COAs with shipments known to be blends.

- 46. The products and ingredients DOUG HANING, and others, shipped and caused to be shipped from WE-Rosser were blended and adulterated by:
- a. Adding, using and/or blending feathers and feather meal to the shipped product and ingredient when it was to be exclusive of feathers;
- b. Adding, using and/or blending by-product meal to the shipped product and ingredient when it was to be exclusive of by-product;
- c. Adding, using and and/or blending chicken protein products to the shipped product and ingredient when it was to be a turkey protein product.
- 47. The products and ingredients DOUG HANING, and others, shipped and caused to be shipped from the facility in Rosser, Texas, were mislabeled and misbranded and thus, such products and ingredients were misrepresented to the recipient. Documents associated with the shipment, such as a BOL or COA, identified the shipped product as a single ingredient product when, in fact, it was a blend. Typically, the blend formula for products shipped as chicken meal and chicken meal (low ash) was a blend of chicken by-product meal and feather meal (but not chicken meal). Typically, the blend formula for products shipped as turkey meal was a blend that included by-product meals and feather meal. Based on the cost of goods sold, blend formulas utilized in furtherance of the fraud and conspiracy ensured that a profit margin would

be realized because the blended product was sold at the premium market price as if it were a single ingredient product.

- 48. The raw ingredients purchased by WE-Rosser and used in the blended product were generally cheaper than the single-ingredient, premium products identified on shipping documents.
- 49. Generally, the raw ingredients used in the blended product were readily available to WE-Rosser from its suppliers in comparison to single-ingredient, premium products such as chicken meal and turkey meal. Thus, WE-Rosser realized a significant profit on adulterated shipments. Because WE-Rosser blended cheaper and more readily available raw ingredients, WE-Rosser also had the ability to enter into high volume, long-term agreements and contracts confident they would have a predictable supply of raw materials. Moreover, the concealment of its blending practices afforded WE-Rosser the ability to manipulate blend formulas based upon market circumstances and profit objectives.
- 50. In addition, over the course of the scheme and conspiracy, certain pet food manufacturers, including Pet Food Manufacturer "A" and Pet Food Manufacturer "B," had emerged in the pet food market and built their business model by marketing their products as free of certain ingredients.
- 51. DOUG HANING, and others, knew that certain pet food manufacturers were not in the market for products or ingredients typically used in the blended products shipped from WE-Rosser, such as feather meal and poultry by-products.
- 52. By avoiding the identification of the product as a blend in the associated shipping documents, including BOLs and COAs, DOUG HANING, and others, were able to conceal the actual ingredients contained in the products shipped, such as feather meal and by-products, and

secure, maintain, and grow business that would otherwise have been unavailable.

- 53. Because shipped WE-Rosser products were not identified as a blend and because the actual ingredients were concealed, the recipients of WE-Rosser products (including Pet Food Manufacturer "A" and Pet Food Manufacturers "B-1" through "B-6") accepted shipments they would not have otherwise accepted but for the fraud.
- 54. Ultimately, pet food manufacturers, including Pet Food Manufacturer "A" and Pet Food Manufacturer "B," ended up paying the market price for a premium, single-ingredient product, such as chicken meal, chicken meal (low ash), or turkey meal, when they actually received a blended product comprised of non-premium ingredients.

E. The introduction of Custom AG as a straw broker in furtherance of the conspiracy and scheme to defraud

- 55. Prior to April 2011, Custom AG was not in existence as an entity recognized by the State of Texas. Prior to April 2011, neither Custom AG nor Custom AG's nominal owner, had contracted with ABP or Diversified Ingredients. Prior to April 2011, neither Custom AG nor Custom AG's nominal owner, had brokered or otherwise bought or sold animal protein products for pet food companies.
- 56. Custom AG was not identified as a customer of ABP until May 1, 2011, when it was added to the original customer list.
- 57. As of April 30, 2011, Custom AG was not in Diversified Ingredients' system as a seller.
- 58. On or about July 2011, Custom AG identified only two trade references in support of obtaining a line of credit with Wilbur-Ellis. The identified trade references were ABP and Diversified Ingredients.
 - 59. At all times material, the nominal owner of Custom AG was an associate of

DOUG HANING, and DOUG HANING shared in the profits of Custom AG. At all times material, DOUG HANING, in whole or part, directed the buying and selling decisions, as well as the operations of Custom AG. DOUG HANING purposely concealed his interest in Custom AG from others.

- 60. In furtherance of the scheme to defraud and the conspiracy, and as a result of the execution of the scheme to defraud, in 2012, 2013, and the first two quarters of 2014, Custom AG constituted the single largest purchaser of WE-Rosser products by sales and volume. Any products Custom AG bought from WE-Rosser during this time frame were sold to Diversified Ingredients. Pet Food Manufacturer "B-1" through "B-6" received adulterated shipments arising from initial purchases involving Custom AG and Diversified Ingredients. Pet Food Manufacturer "A" received adulterated shipments arising from initial purchases involving Custom AG and Diversified Ingredients.
- 61. Most, if not all, products from WE-Rosser involving Custom AG were blended and adulterated when shipped. Most, if not all, products from WE-Rosser involving Custom AG were shipped from WE-Rosser with BOLs and/or COAs that misrepresented the product as a single ingredient, premium product.

F. The use of Diversified Ingredients' BOLs and COAs in furtherance of the scheme to defraud and conspiracy

- 62. Pet Food Manufacturer "B" was a Diversified Ingredients' customer. On behalf of Pet Food Manufacturer "B," Diversified Ingredients contracted with carriers to ship products and ingredients from WE-Rosser to Pet Food Manufacturers "B-1" through "B-6."
- 63. Pet Food Manufacturer "A" was also a Diversified Ingredients' customer. On behalf of Pet Food Manufacturer "A," Diversified Ingredients contracted with carriers to ship certain products and ingredients from WE-Rosser to Pet Food Manufacturer "A."

- 64. Diversified Ingredients, however, did not directly purchase from Wilbur-Ellis the products and ingredients shipped from WE-Rosser to Pet Food Manufacturers "B-1" through "B-6." Diversified Ingredients also did not directly purchase from Wilbur-Ellis certain products and ingredients shipped to Pet Food Manufacturer "B-1" through "B-6."
- 65. Instead, such products and ingredients involved initial paper transactions and sales with Custom AG. In the paperwork with Custom AG, Wilbur-Ellis referred to certain product purchased by Custom AG from WE-Rosser as a blend. The purchase orders and invoices between Custom AG and Diversified Ingredients also referred to certain WE-Rosser products as a "blend," such as "chicken meal blend," "chicken meal blend low ash" and "turkey meal blend."
- 66. While certain exchanged paperwork identified products as a blend, Diversified Ingredients provided BOLs and COAs to WE-Rosser that did not identify the product as a blend. Instead, the shipping documents that traveled with the product, including BOLs and COAs, used the single-ingredient names, *i.e.*, chicken meal, chicken meal low ash, and turkey meal.
- 67. While WE-Rosser created and maintained their own internal documents that identified the shipped products as blended products, DOUG HANING, and others, used shipping documents provided by Diversified Ingredients knowing that the use of those documents would misrepresent what was actually being shipped from WE-Rosser.
- 68. DOUG HANING, and others, agreed to use, and did, in fact, use the BOLs and COAs provided by Diversified Ingredients with shipments of blended products knowing that WE-Rosser was shipping a blended product and that the ingredients involved in the blend, specifically by-products and feather meal, were to be excluded from the product identified and shipped.

G. <u>Direct sales of adulterated and mislabeled products and ingredients from WE-Rosser</u>

- 69. WILBUR-ELLIS sold products and ingredients for use in pet food products.

 Those sales included direct sales by WILBUR-ELLIS to pet food companies and manufacturers.
- 70. In addition to the sales and shipments identified above involving Custom AG and/or Diversified Ingredients, WILBUR-ELLIS directly marketed and sold products and ingredients to pet food manufacturers, including Pet Food Manufacturer "A," that were shipped from WE-Rosser.
- 71. As part of the scheme and in furtherance of the scheme and conspiracy, DOUG HANING, and others, caused WE-Rosser to ship adulterated and mislabeled products and ingredients, including chicken meal (low ash), that Pet Food Manufacturer "A" purchased directly from WILBUR-ELLIS.

III. USE OF THE MAIL AND COMMERCIAL INTERSTATE CARRIERS IN FURTHERANCE OF THE SCHEME TO DEFRAUD AND THE CONSPIRACY

72. On or about the dates listed below, within the Eastern District of Missouri, and elsewhere, for the purpose of executing and attempting to execute the scheme to defraud, and in furtherance of the conspiracy DOUG HANING, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, did mail, caused to be mailed, and caused to be delivered by mail matters and things, to wit, checks and payments, and did deposit and caused to be deposited matters and things, to wit, checks, BOLs, COAs, and products to be sent and delivered by private and commercial interstate carrier:

Date	Check no.	Destination
February 8, 2013	0099873	Los Angeles, CA
October 3, 2013	0108688	Sulphur Springs, TX
February 20, 2014	0113938	Sulphur Springs, TX
March 26, 2014	0115207	Los Angeles, CA

Date	BOL no. for	Destination
	adulterated shipment	·
March 21, 2014	39277	Mishawaka, IN
April 4, 2014	39372	Mishawaka, IN
April 29, 2014	39586	Mishawaka, IN

IV. USE OF INTERSTATE WIRES IN FURTHERANCE OF THE SCHEME TO DEFRAUD AND THE CONSPIRACY

- 73. In furtherance of the scheme and the conspiracy, and for the purpose of executing the aforementioned scheme and artifice to defraud, and attempting to do so, DOUG HANING, and others, did knowingly transmit and cause to be transmitted, by means of wire, radio, and television communication, writings, signals, pictures, and sounds in interstate and foreign commerce for the purposes of executing such scheme and artifice, as set forth below:
- a. Emails to and from the Eastern District of Missouri and elsewhere and to and from Rosser, Texas, including emails that included and/or pertained to:
- i. contracts, purchase orders and agreements for WE-Rosser products;
 - ii. BOLs and COAs for shipments of WE-Rosser products;
 - iii. shipping schedules for WE-Rosser products; and
 - iv. invoices for products shipped from WE-Rosser.
- b. Additional emails sent as part of the scheme and in furtherance of the scheme included:
- i. on or about February 2009, an email was sent from the Eastern

 District of Missouri to a Georgia-based customer of Diversified Ingredients and recipient of a

 poultry product from ABP-Rosser. The email included an attachment identified as "Diversified

 Statement" consisting of a letter from ABP-Rosser provided to Diversified Ingredients by DOUG

 HANING. The email states, in part: This is a letter that [a Diversified Ingredient employee]

requested from American Byproducts in an effort to get something from them that indicates that they did not adulterate the product or put any feathers into it.

- ii. On or about June 19, 2012, an email was sent from a Wilbur-Ellis inventory specialist that describes the raw material formula used at WE-Rosser. The email was subsequently forwarded to WE-Rosser in Texas. The email states: For Regular loads our blend is 25% Feather Meal, 25% PBM (Hole 1) and 50% PBM (Bin 2); and for Low Ash loads the blend is 25% Feather Meal and 75% (Bin 2).
- iii. On or about October 16, 2012, an email was sent from a Wilbur-Ellis employee to another Wilbur-Ellis employee. The email states: *Doug asked me to provide* you with the following information: On the turkey meal contract with DI, our margin for bulk loads is around 20%. On the low ash chicken meal contract, our margin has been 18.09% for a low and 45.14% for a high. The usual margin is around 30%.
- iv. On or about October 18, 2012, an email was sent from a Wilbur-Ellis inventory specialist to DOUG HANING, and others. The email states:

Doug, we are trying to use the cost associated with the physical products that are used. That being said, we have run out of B grade product and are forced to use more A grade and less Feather meal in order to make regular chicken meal loads. This has caused the cost to jump significantly and thus has affected the margins accordingly.

Previously, we were using a blend for Regular loads of:

Feather - 29%

A grade - 42%

B grade - 29%

Since we have run out of B Grade the blend had to be changed to:

Feather - 14%

A grade - 86%

Thus the increase in cost and decrease in Margin.

- v. On or about February 20, 2013, emails were exchanged to and from Rosser, Texas, and Ballwin, Missouri, regarding products referred to by the WE-Rosser Quality Assurance Manager as "Turkey Meal Blend," "Chicken Meal Blend," and "Low Ash Chicken Meal Blend" and the agreed to use of a COA form that did not identify the product as a "blend" and would match the BOL being used for shipments.
- vi. On or about March 14, 2014, an email communication from a Wilbur-Ellis employee in the State of Washington to DOUG HANING in Texas which stated:

 Doug, I noticed we are shipping a blend of PBM and Feather to [Pet food Manufacturer "A"] against a chicken meal contract?
- 74. Adulterated and misrepresented shipments occurred on a weekly, if not daily, basis from WE-Rosser. Those adulterated and misrepresented shipments included the following:
- a. On or about January 2, 2014, a shipment, with an approximate weight of 48,340 pounds, from Rosser, Texas, of an animal protein product and ingredient for pet food which was falsely labeled as "Chicken Meal," when in fact the product and ingredient was not the premium pet food product and ingredient chicken meal but an adulterated mix and blend of hydrolyzed poultry feathers, poultry by-product meal and chicken by-product meal that omitted chicken meal;
- b. On or about March 21, 2014, a shipment, with an approximate weight of 50,200 pounds, from Rosser, Texas, of an animal protein product and ingredient for pet food which was falsely labeled as "Turkey Meal," when in fact the product and ingredient was not the premium pet food product and ingredient turkey meal but an adulterated mix and blend of hydrolyzed poultry feathers, chicken bone by-product meal, chicken by-product meal and turkey by-product meal that omitted turkey meal;

- c. On or about March 21, 2014, a shipment, with an approximate weight of 50,840 pounds, from Rosser, Texas, transported through the Eastern District of Missouri, of an animal protein product and ingredient for pet food which was falsely labeled as "Chicken Meal (Low Ash)," when in fact the product and ingredient was not the premium pet food product and ingredient chicken meal but an adulterated mix and blend of hydrolyzed poultry feathers and chicken by-product meal that omitted chicken meal; and
- d. On or about April 4, 2014, a shipment, with an approximate weight of 50,080 pounds, from Rosser, Texas, transported through the Eastern District of Missouri, of an animal protein product and ingredient for pet food which was falsely labeled as "Chicken Meal (Low Ash)," when in fact the product and ingredient was not the premium pet food product and ingredient chicken meal but an adulterated mix and blend of hydrolyzed poultry feathers and chicken by-product meal that omitted chicken meal.

V. <u>DOUG HANING'S GAIN FROM THE SCHEME TO DEFRAUD AND CONSPIRACY</u>

- 75. In furtherance of the scheme to defraud and conspiracy in execution of the same, DOUG HANING realized a financial gain from the practice of blending and adulteration.
- 76. As a blending facility, the profit to be gained by buying a raw material, such as chicken meal, at market price from a raw material supplier/renderer and then selling essentially the same product at market price would be minimal.
- 77. By contrast, the profit margin associated with buying readily available, non-premium products, such as chicken by-product meal and feather meal, and then blending those raw materials together and selling the blended product at a price associated with less-readily available, premium products would be and, in fact, was significant.
 - 78. Thus, the adulteration and misrepresentations made WE-Rosser profitable over

the course of the scheme to defraud and triggered the deferred payment or "earn-out" provisions agreed to as part of the sale of ABP-Rosser.

- 79. The deferred payment "earn-out" targets for WE-Rosser would not have been satisfied absent the margins and profits fraudulently created and realized through the practice of adulteration and mislabeling/misbranding.
- 80. On or about February 28, 2013, as a result of the scheme and the conspiracy, a wire transfer in the amount of \$4,608,414 was sent reflecting a deferred payment for the benefit of DOUG HANING, and others, pursuant to the terms of the earn-out agreement.
- 81. On or about March 24, 2014, as a result of the scheme and the conspiracy, a wire transfer in the amount of \$4,391,586 was sent reflecting a deferred payment for the benefit of DOUG HANING, and others, pursuant to the terms of the earn-out agreement.
- 82. In addition, between July 2011, and May 2014, DOUG HANING received cash and other indirect payments from Custom AG derived from the sales of WE-Rosser products that were adulterated and misrepresented when shipped. Those indirect payments included the following checks payable to a DOUG HANING family member from Custom AG:
- a. Custom AG Commodities check dated January 23, 2012 in the amount of \$5,050.00; and
- b. Custom AG Commodities check dated on or about April 11, 2014 in the amount of \$19,200.00.

Use of the Wires

83. On or about the dates specified as to each count below, in the Eastern District of Missouri and elsewhere, for the purpose of executing the aforesaid scheme and artifice to defraud, and attempting to do so,

WILLIAM DOUGLAS HANING,

did knowingly transmit and cause to be transmitted, by means of wire, radio, and television communication, writings, signals, pictures, and sounds in interstate and foreign commerce for the purposes of executing such scheme and artifice, as set forth below:

Count	Approximate Date	Type of Wire	Subject of Wire Communication
	**	Communication	
2	February 20, 2013	email	Diversified Certificate of Analysis.doc
3	February 28, 2013	email	Schedule week of 3/14
4	March 6, 2013	email	BOL CAC2155
5	March 6, 2013	email	CAC2162
6	March 6, 2013	email	CAC4046
7	March 6, 2013	email	CAC4047
8	March 6, 2013	email	CAC4045
9	March 6, 2013	email	CAC2153
10	March 7, 2013	email	BOL CAC2157
11	March 7, 2013	email	BOL CAC2151
12	March 7, 2013	email	Revised schedule for week of 3/4/13
13	March 7, 2013	email	CAC3062
14	May 31, 2013	email	Rosser Schedule
15	June 27, 2013	email	FW: questionnaire signed
16	July 12, 2013	email	FW: Schedule week of 7-15-13
17	July 24, 2013	email	FW: REVISED SCHEDULE week of 7-22
18	August 1, 2013	email	Schedule for week of 8-6-13
19	August 21, 2013	email	RE: Mishawaka turkey meal
20	September 12, 2013	email	COA 9/11/2013
21	December 3, 2013	email	weights and ETAs
22	December 5, 2013	email	FW: Updated schedule week of 12/9
23	December 13, 2013	email	weights and ETAs
24	January 2, 2014	email	weights and ETAs
25	January 14, 2014	email	FW: Revised SCHEDULE WEEK OF 1/13
26	February 5, 2014	email	INVOICES FROM WILBUR ELLIS
27	March 19, 2014	email	weights and ETAs
28	April 15, 2014	email	weights and ETAs
29	April 23, 2014	email	BOL CAC2212
30	April 28, 2014	email	weights and ETAs
31	April 29, 2014	email	BOL CAC2240 ADD ON FOR FRIDAY
32	April 29, 2014	email	NOID
33	May 8, 2014	email	Qs on By Products

COUNTS 34-42 (Mail Fraud: 18 U.S.C. § 1341)

The Grand Jury further charges:

- 1. The allegations of Paragraphs 1-13; 15-72; 73b; 74-82 of Counts 2-33 are incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 2. From 2011 through October 2014, DOUG HANING, as a marketer and manager for WE-Rosser, agreed to sell WE-Rosser products to Custom AG, a straw broker that DOUG HANING directed and controlled. As part of the scheme and in furtherance of the scheme, DOUG HANING concealed his relationship with Custom AG from his employer and others and misrepresented his involvement with Custom AG and the financial benefit he and others personally received from Custom AG.
- 3. On or about the dates specified as to each count below, in the Eastern District of Missouri and elsewhere,

WILLIAM DOUGLAS HANING,

the defendant herein, and others persons known and unknown to the Grand Jury, having devised and intending to devise a scheme and artifice to defraud, and to obtain money and property by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, and for the purpose of executing this scheme to defraud and in attempting to do so, did knowingly cause to be sent and delivered by mail from the Eastern District of Missouri: checks drawn on an account in the name of Diversified Ingredients, account no. xxx7479, with Eagle Bank and Trust, Arnold, Missouri, payable to Custom AG Commodities, in the amounts specified as to each count below, from Missouri to Texas, with such checks representing payments for the purchase of pet food

ingredients and products shipped from Rosser, Texas, as part of the scheme and artifice to defraud.

Count	Date of mailing (between on or about)	Check no.	Amount	Destination
34	1/16/14 - 1/23/14	0112650	\$663,540.75	Sulphur Springs, TX
35	1/23/14 - 1/30/14	0112929	\$630,258.29	Sulphur Springs, TX
36	2/06/14 - 2/13/14	0113435	\$311,354.64	Sulphur Springs, TX
37	2/13/14 - 2/20/14	0113716	\$307,414.94	Sulphur Springs, TX
38	2/27/14 - 3/06/14	0114077	\$613,944.82	Sulphur Springs, TX
39	4/24/14 - 5/01/14	0116412	\$524,163.91	Sulphur Springs, TX
40	5/01/14 - 5/08/14	0117109	\$431,193.59	Sulphur Springs, TX
41	5/22/14 - 5/30/14	0118085	\$508,673.10	Sulphur Springs, TX
42	5/29/14 - 6/05/14	0118422	\$223,106.23	Sulphur Springs, TX

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1341 and 2.

<u>COUNTS 43-49</u> (Money Laundering: 18 U.S.C. § 1957)

The Grand Jury further charges:

1. On or about the dates specified as to each count below, in the Eastern District of Missouri and elsewhere,

WILLIAM DOUGLAS HANING,

the defendant herein, did knowingly engage and attempt to engage in a monetary transaction, affecting interstate commerce, in criminally derived property of a value greater than \$10,000, that is, by causing, directing, inducing, and controlling the deposit of funds from a bank account of Custom AG Commodities, account number xxx4277, at Alliance Bank, Sulphur Springs, Texas, a financial institution, in the amount specified in each count below, into a joint personal bank account of the defendant, account number xxxx8104, at American National Bank of Texas, Terrell, Texas, a financial institution, such property having been derived from a specified

unlawful activity, that is, mail fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1341 and wire fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343.

Count	Date of transaction (between on or about)	Deposit: Check no.	Amount	Payable to:
43	1/24/14 - 1/28/14	1320	\$34,050	C.H.
44	2/01/14 - 2/06/14	1322	\$21,750	C.H.
45	2/08/14 - 2/14/14	1326	\$23,300	C.H.
46	2/14/14 - 2/21/14	1332	\$11,440	C.H.
47	3/07/14	1342	\$14,200	C.H.
48	5/01/14 - 5/14/14	1370	\$75,000	C.H.
49	7/24/14 - 7/28/14	1399	\$77,000	C.H.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1957 and 2.

COUNT 50 (Conspiracy: 18 U.S.C. § 371)

The Grand Jury further charges:

The allegations of Paragraphs 1-13; 15-72; 73b; 74-82 of Counts 2-33 are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.

From 2008, the exact date being unknown to the Grand Jury, and continuing through on or about October 2014, in the Eastern District of Missouri, and elsewhere,

WILLIAM DOUGLAS HANING,

did knowingly and willfully combine, conspire, confederate and agree with others both known and unknown to the Grand Jury, to commit offenses against the United States, that is, to introduce and deliver for introduction into interstate commerce, with intent to defraud and mislead, food that was adulterated and misbranded, in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 331(a) and 333(a)(2);

The United States Food and Drug Administration

- 1. The United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) was the agency of the United States government responsible for enforcing the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FDCA). The FDA's responsibilities included, among other things, regulating the distribution of food shipped, delivered, and received in interstate commerce, including articles offered for import into the United States.
- 2. Under the FDCA, the term "food" meant articles used for food or drink for man or other animals and articles used for components of any such article. Title 21, United States Code, Section 321(f).
- 3. Under the FDCA, the term "interstate commerce" meant commerce between separate States in the United States and commerce between any State of the United States and any place outside thereof. Title 21, United States Code, Section 321(b).
- 4. The FDCA prohibited the introduction or delivery for introduction in interstate commerce, or the causing of such delivery or introduction, of any food that was adulterated. The FDCA defined "adulterated food" to include: food in which any valuable constituent has been in whole or in part omitted, Title 21, United States Code, Section 342(b)(1); food in which any substance has been substituted wholly or in part therefor, Title 21, United States Code, Section 342(b)(2); and food to which any substance has been added or mixed so as to make it appear the food is better or of greater value than it is, Title 21, United States Code, Section 342(b)(4). The FDCA prohibited the introduction or delivery for introduction in interstate commerce, or the causing of such delivery or introduction, of any food that was misbranded. The FDCA defined "misbranded food" to include: food whose labeling is false or misleading in any particular, Title 21, United States Code, Section 343(a)(1).

THE MANNER AND MEANS OF THE CONSPIRACY

- 5. The manner and means of said conspiracy alleged in paragraphs 1-13, 15-72, 73b, and 74-82 of Counts 2-33 above are hereby realleged and incorporated herein by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 6. Among those who DOUG HANING did knowingly and willfully combine, conspire, confederate and agree with to adulterate and misbrand pet food ingredients shipped interstate from Rosser, Texas were former ABP-Rosser employees who continued on as employees of WE-Rosser. Those employees included a Wilbur-Ellis Feed Division employee with on-site responsibilities over the animal protein products supplied from the Rosser, Texas facility and held positions, titles and designations including Quality Assurance Officer, Quality Control Manager, and Quality Assurance Manager for the Rosser, Texas facility. Specifically, this officer and manager was in charge of executing various blend formulations utilized at the Rosser, Texas facility for Wilbur-Ellis animal protein products and ingredients.
- 7. This officer and manager worked as the Quality Assurance Manager at the Rosser facility when it was owned by ABP. After the Rosser facility was acquired by Wilbur-Ellis, this officer and manager continued to work at WE-Rosser as the Site Manager. At all relevant times, this officer and manager (also referenced hereafter as "site manager") reported to, was supervised by, and worked under the management and direction of DOUG HANING and others. DOUG HANING and others authorized and directed the blending conducted and executed by this site manager to fulfill sales orders shipped interstate from the Rosser facility and authorized, directed and agreed to the manner those shipments were identified, branded and labelled.
- 8. At all times relevant, DOUG HANING directed and authorized the raw materials purchased and received by the Rosser facility. At all times relevant, DOUG HANING directed,

set and authorized the pricing of products marketed and sold from the Rosser facility including products that DOUG HANING marketed and sold directly to his customers as well as products marketed and sold by other Wilbur-Ellis marketers based in Rosser and elsewhere. At all times relevant, DOUG HANING was aware and authorized blends executed by this site manager to satisfy sales orders agreed to by DOUG HANING and others and was aware and authorized the interstate shipments of blended products shipped from the Rosser facility knowing the contents of said blended products and agreeing to their adulterations and misbranding.

OBJECT OF THE CONSPIRACY

9. The object of the conspiracy was to defraud pet food manufacturers, including, but not limited to, the customers of Wilbur-Ellis, and to defraud others involved in the pet food supply chain, and to obtain money by means of false and fraudulent pretenses, representations and promises.

OVERT ACTS

10. In furtherance of the conspiracy and to effect the objects of the conspiracy, the conspirators committed the following overt acts, among others:

Overt acts pertaining to raw materials supplied to WE-Rosser and used in the adulteration and misbranding of food supplied to pet food manufacturers

- a. On one and more occasions DOUG HANING purchased, and caused to be purchased by WE-Rosser, and received and caused to be received by WE-Rosser, hydrolyzed feather meal from one or more raw material suppliers, including a raw material supplier located in Mt. Pleasant, Texas;
- b. On or about April 8, 2014, a WE-Rosser employee supervised by DOUG HANING received an email regarding the subject: "MP FM next week" from a Sales Specialist for the Mt. Pleasant supplier. The Sales Specialist wrote: "I am showing 8 loads of Feather Meal

for Next Week @ \$757.75. If this is correct please send PO over and I'll get this keyed for you." The WE-Rosser employee supervised by DOUG HANING wrote in response: "Confirmed with Doug. We will do these loads for next week."

- c. On one and more occasions, DOUG HANING purchased, and caused to be purchased, by WE-Rosser, and received, and caused to be received by WE-Rosser, A-Grade/Pet Food Grade Chicken By-Product Meal from one or more raw material suppliers, including a raw material supplier located in Mt. Pleasant, Texas;
- d. On one and more occasions, DOUG HANING purchased, and caused to be purchased by WE-Rosser, and received, and caused to be received by WE-Rosser B-Grade/Feed Grade Chicken By-Product Meal from one or more raw material suppliers, including a raw material supplier located in Mt. Pleasant, Texas;
- e. On or about September 4, 2013, a WE-Rosser employee supervised by DOUG HANING received an email from the Mt. Pleasant supplier, who copied DOUG HANING on the email regarding the subject: "Here's what you're getting from us" noting that on "Thursday 9/5/13" WE-Rosser would receive "2 A-meal with Naturox" "2 B-meal" "4 Feather meal"; and "Friday 9/6/13" WE-Rosser would receive "1 A-meal with Naturox" "2 B-meal" "2 Feather meal."
- f. On one and more occasions, DOUG HANING purchased, and caused to be purchased by WE-Rosser, and received, and caused to be received by WE-Rosser, Feed Grade Chicken Bone By-Product Meal (also referred to as "poultry bone meal") from one or more raw material suppliers, including a raw material supplier located in Scranton, Arkansas;
- g. On or about April 8, 2014, DOUG HANING emailed a sales representative for the Scranton supplier regarding the subject: "poultry bone meal" and inquired

about the possibility of adding "2 trucks a week for the rest of this month." The sales representative responded: "Doug, You're currently pulling 5 loads per week. If 6 is the new number or 7 we can accommodate either. Let us know when you want to start with exact volume number per week and we'll plan accordingly." DOUG HANING emailed in response: "Make it 7...";

- h. On one and more occasions, DOUG HANING purchased, and caused to be purchased by WE-Rosser, and received, and caused to be received by WE-Rosser, Turkey By-Product Meal from one or more raw material suppliers, including a raw material supplier located in Southwest City, Missouri. On one and more occasions, in the Eastern District of Missouri and elsewhere, WE-Rosser contracted with Diversified Ingredients, and paid Diversified Ingredients, to transport and cause the transportation of said shipments of Turkey By-Product Meal from Southwest City, Missouri, to Rosser, Texas;
- i. On April 3, 2014, a WE-Rosser employee supervised by DOUG HANING emailed a sales representative for the Southwest City supplier regarding the subject "PURCHASE CONTRACT FROM WILBUR ELLIS" and stated: "Here is the TurkeyByproduct meal contract. 5 loads per week @ \$917.00 per S/T."
- j. On or about April 17, 2014, Wilbur-Ellis ordered and purchased a "customer pick-up" shipment of turkey by-product meal, customer purchase order #188037-10, from the Southwest City supplier with a price per unit of \$917.00. On or about April 17, 2014, Diversified Ingredients, in the Eastern District of Missouri, contacted with a carrier to pick up a load of turkey by-product meal, load #188037-10, from the Southwest City supplier and transport the load from Southwest City, Missouri, to WE-Rosser in Rosser, Texas. On or about April 23, 2014, Diversified Ingredients' contract carrier delivered load #188037-10 of turkey by-

product meal to WE-Rosser and the shipment was unloaded into a "blending bin" upon arrival and receipt in Rosser, Texas. On or about May 6, 2014, Diversified Ingredients invoiced Wilbur- Ellis for the transportation cost of shipping load #188037-10 of turkey by-product meal to WE-Rosser.

Overt acts pertaining to pet food manufacturers who received adulterated and misbranded shipments from WE-Rosser

- k. On one and more occasions, DOUG HANING, as a marketer and manager for WE-Rosser, agreed to supply low ash chicken meal to one or more pet food manufacturers including a pet food manufacturer located in Mishawaka, Indiana (previously identified as Pet Food Manufacturer "A");
- 1. Beginning on or about November 1, 2013, DOUG HANING, as a marketer and manager for WE-Rosser, communicated with another marketer for Wilbur-Ellis about selling and supplying low ash chicken meal in 2014 to the pet food manufacturer located in Mishawaka, Indiana;
- m. On one and more occasions, DOUG HANING, as a marketer and manager for WE-Rosser, agreed to supply a blended product, specifically low ash chicken by-product chicken meal blend to one or more pet food manufacturers, including a pet food manufacturer located in Columbus, Wisconsin;
- n. Beginning on or about November 1, 2013, DOUG HANING, as a marketer and manager for WE-Rosser, communicated with another marketer for Wilbur-Ellis about selling and supplying the blended product, low ash chicken by-product chicken meal blend, to a pet food manufacturer located in Columbus, Wisconsin;
- o. On one and more occasions, DOUG HANING, as a marketer and manager for WE-Rosser, and others, agreed to the use of Bills of Lading and Certificates of Analysis

provided by Diversified Ingredients that falsely and misleadingly identified WE-Rosser shipments to pet food manufacturers, including shipments of blended products falsely and misleadingly identified as chicken meal, low ash chicken meal, turkey meal as well as chicken by-product meal;

- p. On one and more occasions, DOUG HANING, as a marketer and manager for WE-Rosser, agreed to sell WE-Rosser products to Custom AG, a straw broker that DOUG HANING directed and controlled.
- q. On or about January 2, 2014, DOUG HANING entered into a sales contact with Custom AG for Chicken Meal Blend which identified DOUG HANING as the marketer and said contract was emailed to the straw owner of Custom AG by a WE-Rosser employee under the supervision of DOUG HANING.
- r. On or about March 1, 2014, the straw owner of Custom AG forwarded DOUG HANING an email from a broker with Diversified Ingredients regarding the subject: "Updated [] Chicken meal Forecast for MARCH-DEC OF 2014."

Overt acts pertaining to Bills of Lading and Certificates of Analysis utilized with adulterated and misbranded shipments from WE-Rosser

s. DOUG HANING, as a marketer and manager for WE-Rosser, and others, and as part of the conspiracy and in furtherance of the conspiracy, caused the following documents to be sent to pet food manufacturers that were false and misleading in one or more respects:

Document type	Approximate date of shipment	Shipped to manufacturer location	Represented protein product and/or ingredient(s)	Added and/or substituted product or ingredient(s)
BOL 37515	8/9/13	Hereford, TX	Chicken Meal Chicken By- Product Meal	Feather Meal

Document type	Approximate date of shipment	Shipped to manufacturer location	Represented protein product and/or ingredient(s)	Added and/or substituted product or ingredient(s)
BOL 66055-8	2/6/14	Mishawaka, IN	Turkey Meal	Turkey By-Product Meal
BOL 39049	2/10/14	Brownwood, TX	Turkey Meal	Turkey By-Product Meal
BOL CAC2074	2/21/14	Hazle Township, PA	Chicken Meal	Pet Food Grade Chicken By-Product Meal Feed Grade Chicken Bone By-Product Meal Feather Meal
BOL 65121-73	2/26/14	Hazle Township, PA	Turkey Meal	Pet Food Grade Chicken By-Product Meal Feed Grade Chicken Bone By-Product Meal Feather Meal Turkey By-Product Meal
BOL 65121-74	3/6/14	Hazle Township, PA	Turkey Meal	Pet Food Grade Chicken By-Product Meal Feed Grade Chicken Bone By-Product Meal Feather Meal Turkey By-Product Meal
BOL 39152	3/31/14	Columbus, WI	Chicken Meal Chicken By- Product Meal	Feed Grade Chicken Bone By-Product Meal Feather Meal
BOL 39373	4/7/14	Mishawaka, IN	Chicken Meal	Pet food Grade Chicken By-Product Meal Feather Meal
COA Lot 39371	4/7/14	Mishawaka, IN	Chicken meal (Source: Forest MS)	Pet Food Grade Chicken By-Product Meal Feed Grade Chicken Bone By-Product Meal Feather Meal (Source Mt. Pleasant)
BOL CAC2168	4/7/14	Frontenac, KS	Chicken Meal	Pet Food Grade Chicken By-Product Meal Feed Grade Chicken Bone By-Product Meal Feather Meal

Document type	Approximate date of shipment	Shipped to manufacturer location	Represented protein product and/or ingredient(s)	Added and/or substituted product or ingredient(s)
BOL CAC2167	4/7/14	Frontenac, KS	Chicken Meal	Pet Food Grade Chicken By-Product Meal Feed Grade Chicken Bone By-Product Meal Feather Meal
COA Lot 39372	4/8/14	Mishawaka, IN	Chicken meal (Source: Forest MS)	Pet Food Grade Chicken By-Product meal Feather Meal (Source Mt. Pleasant)
BOL 66055-26	4/10/14	Mishawaka, IN	Turkey Meal	Turkey By-Product Meal
COA Lot 39469	4/10/14	Mishawaka, IN	Turkey Meal	Turkey By-Product Meal
BOL 65121-130	4/11/14	Owatonna, MN	Turkey Meal	Turkey By-Product and Chicken By-Product Meal Feed Grade Chicken Bone By-Product Meal Feather Meal
COA Lot 39484	4/11/14	Owatonna, MN	Turkey Meal	Turkey By-Product and Chicken By-Product Meal Feed Grade Chicken Bone By-Product Meal Feather Meal
BOL 65121-129	4/12/14	Owatonna, MN	Turkey Meal	Turkey By-Product and Chicken By-Product Meal Feed Grade Chicken Bone By-Product Meal Feather Meal
BOL CAC2198	4/23/14	Perham, MN	Chicken Meal	Pet Food Grade Chicken By-Product Meal Feed Grade Chicken Bone By-Product Meal Feather Meal
BOL CAC2199	4/25/14	Perham, MN	Chicken Meal	Pet Food Grade Chicken By-Product Meal Feed Grade Chicken Bone By-Product Meal Feather Meal
BOL 39606	4/28/14	Phoenix, AZ	Chicken Meal Chicken By- Product Meal	Feed Grade Chicken Bone By-Product Meal Feather Meal

Document type	Approximate date of shipment	Shipped to manufacturer location	Represented protein product and/or ingredient(s)	Added and/or substituted product or ingredient(s)
BOL CAC2210	4/28/14	Hazle Township, PA	Chicken Meal	Pet Food Grade Chicken By-Product Meal Feed Grade Chicken Bone By-Product Meal Feather Meal
BOL 39324	4/30/14	Columbus, WI	Chicken Meal Chicken By- Product Meal	Feed Grade Chicken Bone By-Product Meal Feather Meal
BOL CAC2222	5/1/14	Owatonna, MN	Chicken Meal	Pet Food Grade Chicken By-Product Meal Feed Grade Chicken Bone By-Product Meal Feather Meal
BOL CAC2223	5/2/14	Owatonna, MN	Chicken Meal	Pet Food Grade Chicken By-Product Meal Feed Grade Chicken Bone By-Product Meal Feather Meal

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 371.

FORFEITURE ALLEGATION

The Grand Jury further finds by probable cause that:

1. Pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 981(a) and Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c), upon conviction of an offense in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1341, 1343 or 1349 as set forth in Counts 1 through 42, the defendant shall forfeit to the United States of America any property, real or personal, constituting or derived from any proceeds traceable to such violation(s). Subject to forfeiture is a sum of money equal to the total value of any property, real or personal, constituting or derived from any proceeds traceable to such violation(s).

- 2. Pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Sections 982(a), upon conviction of an offense in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1957, as set forth in Counts 43 through 49, the defendant shall forfeit to the United States of America any property, real or personal, involved in such offense, and any property traceable to such property. Subject to forfeiture is a sum of money equal to the total value of any property, real or personal, involved in such offense, or any property traceable to such property.
- 3. Specific property subject to forfeiture includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - a. Approximately 2,705.08 acres of ranch land known as "Living the Dream Ranch" f/k/a "Cactus Ranch," which is comprised of approximately 1,129.93 acres in McMullen County, Texas, and approximately 1,575.15 acres in Live Oak County, Texas, and is situated just north of the southeast corner of said McMullen County and the southwest corner of said Live Oak County, together with all appurtenances, improvements, and attachments thereon, or the proceeds from the sale of such property, including but not limited to approximately \$930,424.79 that was deposited into the asset forfeiture fund on November 27, 2018; and
 - b. 2014 Mercedes-Benz, ML350, VIN: 4JGDA5JB9EA377726.
- 4. If any of the property described above, as a result of any act or omission of the defendant:
 - a. cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;
 - b. has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third party;
 - c. has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the court;

- d. has been substantially diminished in value; or
- e. has been commingled with other property which cannot be divided without difficulty,

the United States of America will be entitled to the forfeiture of substitute property pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p).

A TRUE BILL.		
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FOREPERSON	 	

GILBERT C. SISON, #52346MO Special Attorney to the United States Attorney General KYLE T. BATEMAN, #996646DC Special Attorney to the United States Attorney General CHARLES S. BIRMINGHAM, #47134MO Special Attorney to the United States Attorney General